The Transition of Non-Human Genetic Variation Data from dbSNP to EVA

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Outline

- Summary of dbSNP > EVA transition
- > Why?
- Working timelines at EVA and dbSNP
- Submission of data to EVA
- Access to data at EVA
- EVA training materials



Since September 2017 dbSNP no longer accepts nonhuman variants, data to be submitted to EVA

News overview News archive Photos of EMBL-EBI Blogs



EVA issues long-term IDs for non-human variants

9 May 2017 - 15:18

Summary

New agreement between the NCBI and EMBL-EBI shares responsibility for managing data from



Phasing out support for nonhuman genome organism data in dbSNP and dbVar

★★☆☆☆ ⁰ 15 Votes

This blog post is directed toward people who use dbSNP and dbVar, particularly those who submit non-human data to the two databases.

dbSNP and dbVar archive, process, display and report information related to germline and somatic variations from multiple species. These two databases have grown rapidly as sequencing and other discovery technologies have evolved, and now contain nearly two billion variants from over 360 species.

Based on projected growth and the resources required to archive and distribute the data, continued support for all organisms will become unsustainable for NCBI in the near future. Therefore, NCBI will phase out support for all non-human organisms in dbSNP and dbVar, and will support only human variation.



Since September 2017 dbSNP no longer accepts nonhuman variants, data to be submitted to EVA

Why this change?

- Increased volume of data to handle
- Formal split of overlapping functionalities
- Quicker turnaround for community
 - Who may have been losing faith in system
- Change in focus of host institutions (NCBI / EBI)



Since September 2017 dbSNP no longer accepts nonhuman variants, data to be submitted to EVA

- EVA is committed to the continuity of existing dbSNP non-human 'ss' & 'rs' identifiers
- New non-human variants shall be accessioned with 'ss' and 'rs' identifiers
- Variants identifiers shall be searchable at the EVA website and programmatically
- EVA shall continue to roll-out information via the EVA website (<u>www.ebi.ac.uk/eva</u>) and Twitter @evarchive



Sept '17

- Importing dbSNP variants
- Focus on species assemblies
- known to Ensembl / Gramene



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- dbSNP turning off non-human data
- Remain available Q1 '18 via FTP dumps





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- Remain available Q1 '18 via FTP dumps





Q1 '18 via FTP dumps

EMBL-EE

Current status of dbSNP > EVA transition

- Importing dbSNP variant data to EVA
- Import completed for a number of species and can be checked at the EVA website summary table:
 - <u>https://www.ebi.ac.uk/eva/?dbSNP-Import-Progress</u>
- All variants imported; only variants that pass the EVA data requirements are shown
 - e.g. legacy data that does not match an assembly not shown
- Up-to-date dbSNP import status presented on the EVA website



Current status of dbSNP > EVA transition

Common name 💡	Scientific name	Taxonomy ID [‡]	INSDC assembly accession	dbSNP build	All variants match INSDC assembly	Suitable for Variant Browser *	Current dbSNP accessions - searchable	Previous dbSNP accessions ↓ searchable	Supported by Ensembl
Cow	Bos taurus	<u>9913</u>	GCA_000003055.5	150	0	4	In progress		*
Mouse	Mus musculus	10090	GCA_000001635.6	150	0	4	In progress		*
Rat	Rattus norvegicus	<u>10116</u>	GCA_000001895.4	149	0	4	In progress		*
Sorghum	Sorghum bicolor	4558	GCA_000003195.1	148	0	4	In progress		*
Chicken	Gallus gallus	9031	GCA_000002315.3	151		4	✓ 10/1/2018		•
Rice	Oryza sativa	4530	GCA_001433935.1	151	4	4	✓ 11/12/2017		*
Pig	Sus scrofa	9823	GCA_000003025.6	150	4	4	✓ 12/1/2018		*
Thale cress	Arabidopsis thaliana	3702	GCA_000001735.1	150		4	✓ 19/12/2017		4
Goat	Capra hircus	9925	GCA_000317765.1	143	•	4	21/12/2017		

http://www.ebi.ac.uk/eva/?dbSNP-Import-Progress



Submission to EVA

- EVA accepts variant data described in Variant Call Format (VCF) files only
- Response time of 48 hrs
 - Accession number suitable for publication
- Data requirements:
 - The genome assembly used is International Nucleotide Sequence Database Collaboration (INSDC) registered
 - The variation data is described in valid VCF file(s)
 - We require that it be possible to compute allele frequencies for all submitted variants
 - (Contains genotypes or allele frequency (AF) values)



EVA Archives Variant Call Format (VCF) Files

- Variant Call Format (VCF): the community standard way to describe genetic variants
- Currently on specification 4.3, EVA accepts all VCF versions



EVA Archives Variant Call Format (VCF) Files

- Variant Call Format (VCF): the community standard way to describe genetic variants
- Currently on specification 4.3, EVA accepts all VCF versions
- Of all ca.4000 VCFs loaded to EVA <10% truly valid on first pass

Most VCFs publically available are not truly valid

- EVA VCF validator tool used in submission processing to ensure all EVA VCF files are truly valid to specification
 - https://github.com/EBIvariation/vcf-validator



EVA Archives Variant Call Format (VCF) Files

EBIvariation / vcf-validator				⊙ Watch -	10	★ Star	50	Ϋ́Fo	ork 14
↔ Code ① Issues 8 11 Pull requests 2	III Projects 0	Wiki 🔢	Insight	S					
Branch: develop - vcf-validator / README.mc	I						Find fi	le C	opy path
Anishka0107 Use Boost trivial logger macro direct	у					3	2e4d31 (on Oct	17, 2017
3 contributors 👼 🏜 🜴									
138 lines (83 sloc) 7.91 KB				R	aw B	lame Hi	story	Ģ	/ 1

Validator for the Variant Call Format (VCF) implemented using C++11.

It includes all the checks from the vcftools suite, and some more that involve lexical, syntactic and semantic analysis of the VCF input. If any inconsistencies are found, they are classified in one of the following categories:

- · Errors: Violations of the VCF specification
- Warnings: An indication that something weird happened (different ploidy in samples from the same species) or a
 recommendation is not followed (missing meta-data)

Please read the wiki for more details about checks already implemented.

Download

We recommend using the latest release for the most stable experience using vcf-validator. Along with the release notes, you will find the executables vcf_validator and vcf_debugulator, which will allow you to validate and fix VCF files.

Submission of pre-validated
 files improves processing time
 Works best on Linux machine
 Available as Docker container
 Plans to make available on
 Windows and MacOS X



VCF(s) associated with an EVA metadata template

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31	6 ≜ × √ fx	Formatting as Table Styles	
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		PLEASE READ FIRST	
	The size of this should be for	cilitate effective completion of this template.	
	The aim of this sheet is to ra	clinitate effective completion of this template.	
	The minimum information r	equired to be completed in this template in order for data to be submitted to EVA is: submitter, sample, method and file names.	
		users to submit as much meta-data as possible. Increased metadata creates much greater visibility of your data and research in our search and analysis	
	Please email all questions ar	nd feedback to eva-helpdesk@ebi.ac.uk	
)			
	Worksheet	o four sections, split into worksheets. Each worksheet is preceeded by an "INFO" sheet which provides more information and instructions for each column. Explanation	-
r	Submitter Details	Explanation This sheet contures the credentials of the submitter.	
ł		The objective of this sheet is to gather general information about the Project including submitter, submitting centre, collaborators and publications.	
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		BioSamples samplese ta accessions. If your samples are not yet accessioned, and are therefore novel, please use the "Novel sample(s)" sections of the Sample(s) worksheet to have them registered at BioSamples. For EVA, each analysis is nor worf file, plus an unlimited number of ancillary files. This sheet allows EVA to link vor files to a project and to other EVA analyses Additionally, this worksheet contains experimental meta-data detailing the methodology of each analysis.	
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; ; ;	Analysis	BloSamples sampleset accessions. If your samples are not yet accessioned, and are therefore novel, please use the "Novel sample(s)" sections of the Sample(s) worksheet to have them registered at BloSamples. For EVA, each analysis is one vcf file, plus an unlimited number of ancillary files. This sheet allows EVA to link vcf files to a project and to other EVA analyses Additionally, this worksheet contains experimental meta-data detailing the methodology of each analysis. Filenames and associated checking data associated with this EVA submission should be entered into this worksheet. Each file should be linked to one, or	

Excel template
 Submitter
 Project
 Samples
 VCFs
 CVs, guidelines

- Can be filled manually or automatically
- Example template for a fictional study available at EVA website
 - https://www.ebi.ac.uk/eva/?Submit-Data



Submission Pipeline to EVA



EVA Data Access: EVA website





EVA Data Access: Study Browser

> >> C

 Core functionality: portal to open-access genetic variation data submitted to EVA:

Study Browser

Search for studies archived at EVA using any combination of the filtering options on the left hand-side.

Individual studies can be further investigated using the in-depth study view page found by clicking the study ID in search results

3 Filter		Studies	found
Reset	Submit	×	Page 1 of 3
Variant Type		DID	
Short Genetic Varia	nts (<50bp)	* PRJEB6	29
Structural Variants	(> E0bp)	* PRJEB1	3625
	(>3000)	* PRJEB9	374
Text Search		PRJEB14	1878
		* PRJEB14	1879
		* PRJEB7	061
Genome		PRJEB6	119
Barley		* PRJEB2	733
Blood fluke		* PRJEB6)57
Chicken		* PRJEB5	978
Cow		PRJEB14	1713
Fission yeast		PRJEB5	329
Goat		PRJEB1	1749
Human		* PRJEB8	550
Maize		PRJEB1	1750
Mosquito		PRJEB8	539
Mouse		PRJEB8	552
Plasmodium falcip	arum	PRJEB94	322
Rat threadworm		PRJEB94	358
Rice		PRJEB6)42
Sheep		PRJEB1	0956
Sorghum		PRJEB54	139
Thale cress		PRJEB8	561
Tomato		PRJEB1	1746
Vervet monkey		PRJEB6	930

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Exome Sequencing

Curation

Genotyping By Array

Whole Genome Sequencing





Studies 1 - 25 of 75

EVA Study View

• One-page summary of each project: data submitter, publication, number of samples, brief description, etc.

EVA / STUDY BROWSER / STUDY VIEW

1001 Genomes: A Catalog of Arabidopsis thaliana Genetic Variation

General Information

Organism	Thale cress
Scientific Name	Arabidopsis thaliana
Taxonomy ID	3702
Center	The 1001 Genomes Project Consortium
Material	DNA
Scope	multi-isolate
Туре	Whole Genome Sequencing
Genome Assembly	GCA_000001735.1
Source Type	Germline
Platform	Illumina HiSeq 2000
Samples	1135
Description	1001 Genomes: A Catalog of Arabidopsis thaliana Genetic Variation
Resource	http://1001genomes.org/about.html ENA:PRJNA273563
Download	FTP
Publications	1,135 Genomes Reveal the Global Pattern of Polymorphism in Arabidopsis thaliana. 1001 Genomes Consortium. Electronic address: magnus.nordborg@gmi.oeaw.ac.at, 1001 Genomes Consortium. <i>Cell</i> 166 :2016 481-491
Files	

File Name	Samples with Genotypes	Variants Count	SNP Count	Indel Count	Pass Count	Transitions/Transversions Ratio	Mean Quality
1001genomes_snp-short-indel_only_ACGTN_v3.1.snpeff.garys.final.vcf.gz	1135	14144402	12545539	1598863	14144402	1.09 (6823574/6272040)	33.89



EVA Study Browser – Structural Variants

SVs from EMBL-EBI resource Database of Genomic Variants archive (DGVa)

Study Browser

Search for studies archived at EVA using any combination of the filtering options on the left hand-side.

Individual studies can be further investigated using the in-depth study view page found by clicking the study ID in search results.

Reset Submit		(() Page 1 of 7) () (C							
ariant Type	© ID	Name	Genome	Species	Type	Download			
Short Genetic Variants (<50bp)	* nstd9	Perry_et_al_2006	Chimpanzee	Pan troglodytes verus	Control Set	FTP			
	* nstd82	Sudmant_et_al_2013	Chimpanzee, Denisova, Gorilla, H	Human, Orar Gorilla beringei graueri, Gorilla gorilla, G	Gorilla Control Set	FTP			
Structural Variants (>50bp)	* nstd8	Perry_et_al_2008b	Chimpanzee, Human	Homo sapiens, Pan troglodytes	Control Set	FTP			
ext Search	* nstd60	Hou_et_al_2011	Cow	Bos taurus	Control Set	FTP			
ext Search	* nstd61	Hou_et_al_2011b	Cow	Bos taurus	Case-Control	FTP			
	* estd223	Boussaha_et_al_2015	Cow	Bos taurus	Control Set	FTP			
nome	* nstd69	Bickhart_et_al_2012	Cow	Bos taurus	Control Set	FTP			
	* nstd56	Liu_et_al_2010	Cow	Bos taurus	Control Set	FTP			
Chimpanzee	* nstd13	Chen_et_al_2009	Dog	Canis lupus familiaris	Control Set	FTP			
Cow	* nstd115	Decker_et_al_2015	Dog, Wolf	Canis lupus, Canis lupus familiaris	Control Set	FTP			
Dog	* nstd25	Dopman_et_al_2007	Fruit fly	Drosophila melanogaster	Control Set	FTP			
Fruit fly	* nstd26	Emerson_et_al_2008	Fruit fly	Drosophila melanogaster	Control Set	FTP			
Horse	* estd205	Zichner_et_al_2012	Fruit fly	Drosophila melanogaster	Control Set	FTP			
Human	* nstd57	Doan_et_al_2012	Horse	Equus caballus	Control Set	FTP			
Mouse	* estd213	Mokhtar_et_al_2014	Human	Homo sapiens	Control Set	FTP			
Pig	* estd194	Bentley_et_al_2008	Human	Homo sapiens	Control Set	FTP			
Rhesus monkey	* estd225	Magnusson_et_al_2015	Human	Homo sapiens	Collection	FTP			
Sheep	* nstd84	de_Ligt_et_al_2013	Human	Homo sapiens	Case Set	FTP			
Sorghum	* nstd66	Sebat_et_al_2004	Human	Homo sapiens	Control Set	FTP			
Vervet monkey	* estd197	McKernan_et_al_2009	Human	Homo sapiens	Control Set	FTP			
Wolf	* nstd77	Polley_et_al_2015	Human	Homo sapiens	Case-Control	FTP			
	* nstd83	Morak_et_al_2013	Human	Homo sapiens	Case Set	FTP			
Zebrafish		T1 -1 2005	11	()	Control Cont	PTD			

Case-Control

Case-Set

Collection

Control Set

Tumor vs. Matched-Normal



EVA Study View – Structural Variants

• One-page summary of each project: data submitter, publication, number of samples, brief description, etc.

Zheng_et_	al_2011
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General Information

Genome	Sorghum
Sample(s)	Sorghum bicolor
Taxonomy ID	<u>4558</u>
Study Type	Control Set
Experiment Type	Paired-end mapping, Read depth
Platform	Illumina Solexa Genome Analyzer
Genome Assembly	Sorbi1
Number of Variants	64507
Description	Sorghum (Sorghum bicolor) is globally produced as a source of food, feed, fibre and fuel. Grain and sweet sorghums differ in a number of important traits including stem sugar and juice accumulation, plant height and production of grain and biomass. The first whole genome sequence of a grain sorghum is available, but additional genome sequences are required to study genome-wide and intraspecies variation for dissecting the genetic basis of these important traits and for tailor-designed breeding of this important C4 crop. We resequenced two sweet and one grain sorghum inbred lines, and identified a set of nearly 1,500 genes differentiating sweet and grain sorghum. In addition, we uncovered 1,057,018 SNPs, 99,948 indels of 1-10bp in length and 16,487 presence/absence variations. In addition, 17,111 CNVs were detected. This is a first report on the identification of genome-wide patterns of genetic variation in sorghum.
Download	FTP
Publications	Genome-wide patterns of genetic variation in sweet and grain sorghum (Sorghum bicolor) <u>.</u> Zheng LY, Guo XS, He B, Sun LJ, Peng Y, Dong SS, Liu TF, Jiang S, Ramachandran S, Liu CM, Jing HC. <i>Genome Biol</i> 12 :2011 R114



EVA Added Value – Variant processing pipeline





EVA Added Value – Variant processing pipeline



EVA Processing Steps Documented

• EVA FAQs

FAQ

What is the European Variation Archive (EVA)?	~
The European Variation Archive (EVA) is EMBL-EBI's open-access genetic variation archive. The EVA accepts submission of all types of genetic variants, ranging from single nucleotide polymorphisms to large structural variants, observed in germline or somatic sources, from any eukaryotic organism. The EVA permits access to these data at two distinct levels:	
i) The raw variant data as was submitted to the EVA, via the EVA Study Browser	
ii) The normalised and processed variant data, via the EVA Variant Browser and EVA API	
Is my data suitable for submission to the EVA?	~
Why submit data to the EVA?	~
What happens to my data once submitted?	~
What are the EVA normalisation and variant processing steps?	~
What data is shown in the EVA Clinical Browser?	~
With whom does the EVA collaborate?	~
Which browsers does the EVA website support?	~



Normalisation

Variants submitted to the EVA have been determined by a number of different algorithms and software packages. As a result, the VCF files generated by these differing methodologies describe variants in a number of different ways. The primary processing step of the EVA is to normalise variant representation following two basic rules:

1. Each variant is shifted to be left-aligned

2. The Start and End positions represent exactly the range where the variation occurs (which could, in the case of insertions, result in the reference allele being recorded as 'empty')

Examples of our variant normalisation process can be seen here

Annotation

Once variants have been normalised, the EVA uses the Variant Effect Predictor (VEP) of Ensembl to annotate variant consequences. The variant consequences are described using Sequence Ontology terms and both the VEP version and Ensembl gene build used are described via the "i" help bubbles on the EVA Variant Browser.

N.B. Variants that have been mapped to a reference genome sequence that is not supported by Ensembl are not annotated.

Statistical calculations

The EVA adopts the classical definition of allele frequency (AF): 'a measure of the relative frequency of an allele at a genetic locus in a given population'. The AF value(s) stored by the EVA for each variant is (are) study specific - i.e. the same variant reported in two distinct studies shall be given two allele frequencies, one for each study. There are two methodologies by which the EVA is able to determine allele frequency values, dependent on the datatype of the study in question:

Variants associated with genotypes:

For variants associated with genotypes, the EVA determines the AF values via the calculation:

AF = (number of alternate allele observations (AC)) / (number of observations (AN))

The result of this calculation allows the EVA to also store the minor allele frequency (MAF) for each variant (defined as the minimum of the reference or alternative allele frequency) and the MAF allele (the allele associated with the MAF).

Variants not associated with genotypes:

For variants that are not associated with genotypes, the EVA is dependent on the AF value(s) estimated from the primary data and provided in the submitted VCF file(s). AF values that are specifically provided in the submitted aggregated VCF file(s) are directly stored. In cases where no AF is provided then the EVA uses the AC and AN values in the submitted aggregated VCF file(s) to calculate AF value(s) via the calculation:

AF = AC / AN

Population / sample cohort allele frequency values:

The EVA accepts submission of <u>pedigree</u> files, or structured samples (using "derived_from" and/or "subject" layers), to define populations and cohorts within studies. In cases where such information is associated with variants that have genotypes then the EVA calculates intra-study population/cohort specific AF values via the method described above, with the caveat that the (total number of populations/cohorts):(total number of samples) ratio must be less than 1:10. For studies that do not contain genotypes but instead provide intra-study population/cohort AF values in the submitted aggregated VCF file(s), or AC and AN values, then these are directly stored, or calculated by the EVA using the method described above, again with the caveat that a ratio of 1:10 (total number of populations/cohorts):(total number of samples) must not be exceeded.



- Build view(s) of the data within EVA variant warehouse
- Users can query and understand data before download
- Ease of use
- Gene annotation from Ensembl
- Direct download of query results
- HTML5 technologies
- Cross-browser compatibility



Variant Browser

Search the EVA variant warehouse using any combination of the filtering options on the left hand-side.

Search results can be exported in CSV format and individual variants can be further investigated using the in-depth Variant Data tabs found below the main results table.

G Filter

Variants found

Reset Submit		🔣 🕻 Page	1 of 1 🖒 🔊 🛛						
Genome Assembly Organism / Assembly:	0	Chr	Position	Variant ID	0	Alleles	Class	Most Severe Consequence	
Cow / Bos_taurus_UMD_3.1	v	1	3075045	ss1083280832		C/T	SNV	synonymous_v	variant 🚃
Position	0	1	3082169	ss1083280845		A/G	SNV	missense_vari	iant <mark></mark>
Filter By:		1	3082172			G/A	SNV	missense_vari	iant <mark></mark>
Chromosomal Location	-	1	3082603	ss1083280847		A/G	SNV	synonymous_v	variant 🚃
		1	3095575	ss1083280903		A/C	SNV	synonymous_v	variant 🚃
1:300000-3100000									
Consequence Type	0								
Minor Allele Frequency	0								
MAF: ex: >= * ex: 0.3		Results per Page:	10 • Export as CS	v					
Protein Substitution Score	0	/ariant Data							
PolyPhen2 >: ex:0.5		Annotation File	es Genotypes Popula	tion Statistics					
Sift <: ex:0.1		Annotation	is ()						
Studies Mapped To Assembly	0								
search		🔣 🔏 Pag	ge 1 of 1 🔅 🔊	C					
Name †		Ensembl		Ensembl	Ensembl		Ensembl		SO Term(s)
 NextGen project variation for Bos taurus (PRJEB6119) 	_	Gene ID		Gene Symbol	Transcript		Transcript Bioty	pe	
 NextGen project variation for Bos taurus x Bos indicus (PRJEB7061) 		ENSBTAG0000	0018855	SCAF4	ENSBTAT0	0000025104	protein_coding		synonymous_varia
Recombination in cattle (PRJEB14878)									



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Variants found

Reset Submit		🔣 🕻 Page	1 of 1 🔊 🔊	C			
Genome Assembly Organism / Assembly:	•	Chr	Position	Variant ID	Alleles	Class	Most Severe Consequence Type
Cow / Bos_taurus_UMD_3.1	¥	1	3075045	ss1083280832	C/T	SNV	synonymous_variant
Position	0	1	3082169	ss1083280845	A/G	SNV	missense_variant —
Filter By:		1	3082172		G/A	SNV	missense_variant
Chromosomal Location	*	1	3082603	ss1083280847	A/G	SNV	synonymous_variant 🚃
	_	1	3095575	ss1083280903	A/C	SNV	synonymous_variant
1:3000000-3100000							
Consequence Type	0						
Minor Allele Frequency	0						
MAF: ex: >= * ex: 0.3		Results per Page:	10 - Export as (CSV			
Protein Substitution Score	0	Variant Data					
PolyPhen2 >: ex:0.5		Annotation File	Genotypes Popu	lation Statistics			
Sift <: ex:0.1	1	Files 6					
Studies Mapped To Assembly	0						
search		NextGen pro	ject variation for Bos t	aurus (PRJEB6119 - ERZ019405)			
✓ Name †							
 NextGen project variation for Bos taurus (PRJEB6119) 			N I FILTER AF				
 NextGen project variation for Bos taurus x Bos indicus (PRIEB7061) 			16 PASS 0.0625				
Recombination in cattle (PRJEB14878)		Show Full Hea	der				



Variant Browser

Search the EVA variant warehouse using any combination of the filtering options on the left hand-side.

Search results can be exported in CSV format and individual variants can be further investigated using the in-depth Variant Data tabs found below the main results table.

Nex	ctGen p	roject	variation	for Bos	s taurus (PRJEB6119 - ERZ019405)	
AC 0	NS 0		FILTER	AF 0		
1	8	16	PASS	0.0625		
Hide	Full He	ader				
This .	run m	auci				
	eformat					
					t variation for Bos (cattle)"	
			-		on site discovery and genotype calls in the genus Bos (cattle) by the NEXTGEN project (Next generation methods to preser	ve fa
					taurus (cattle) filtered variation calls from whole genome sequencing"	
			-	This dat	ata set represents all variation discovered in the Iranian Bos taurus (cattle) population passing the NextGen project fi	lters
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					ESSION=ERS403311,TAXID=9913,SCIENTIFIC_NAME="Bos taurus",COMNON_NAME="cattle",COUNTRY="Iran",CLOSEST_CITY="Sanandaj",CLO BZ019252.ANALVSIS TYPE="REFERENCE ALIGNMENT".LOCATION="ftp://ftp.sra.ebi.ac.uk/vol1/EBZ019/EBZ019252/TEBT=B9=0008.UMD3 1	
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EMBL-EBI

Variant Browser

Search the EVA variant warehouse using any combination of the filtering options on the left hand-side.

Search results can be exported in CSV format and individual variants can be further investigated using the in-depth Variant Data tabs found below the main results table.

G Filter

Variants found

Reset	Submit	
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🗹 NextGen pro	oject variation for Bos taurus (PRJEB6119)	
NextGen pro	oject variation for Bos taurus x Bos indicus)	
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🔣 🕻 Page	1 of 1 🔪 🔊 🛙					
Chr	Position	Variant ID	0	Alleles	Class	Most Severe Consequence Type
1	3075045	ss1083280832		C/T	SNV	synonymous_variant 🚃
1	3082169	ss1083280845		A/G	SNV	missense_variant
1	3082172	-		G/A	SNV	missense_variant
1	3082603	ss1083280847		A/G	SNV	synonymous_variant
1	3095575	ss1083280903		A/C	SNV	synonymous_variant 🚥

Results per Page: 10 ~ Export as CSV

Variant Data

Annotation Files Genotypes **Population Statistics**

Genotypes 🕕

NextGen project variation for Bos taurus (PRJEB6119 - ERZ019405)

Sample †	Genotype	
IRBT-E10-0001	010	Genotype C
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IRBT-F10-0003	0 1	
IRBT-G8-0004	010	
IRBT-G8-0005	010	
IRBT-H9-0006	010	
IRBT-H9-0007	010	010(7)



Variant Browser

Search the EVA variant warehouse using any combination of the filtering options on the left hand-side.

Search results can be exported in CSV format and individual variants can be further investigated using the in-depth Variant Data tabs found below the main results table.

-

G Filter

Variants found

Reset Submit		🔣 🔏 Page	1 of 1 📎 🔊	C			
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Position	•	1	3082169	ss1083280845		A/G	5
Filter By:		1	3082172	-		G/A	5
Chromosomal Location	w.	1	3082603	ss1083280847		A/G	5
		1	3095575	ss1083280903		A/C	5
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Sift <: ex:0.1		Population	n Statistics 🕕				
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 NextGen project variation for Bos taurus x Bos indicus (PRJEB7051) 	_						
 Recombination in cattle (PRJEB14878) 							



Most Severe

Consequence Type

synonymous_variant =

missense_variant -

missense_variant ---

synonymous_variant -

synonymous_variant -

Class

SNV

SNV

SNV

SNV

SNV

MAF Allele T

EVA API

- EVA Variant Browser is our GUI view of web service results
- Efficient programmatic access through a RESTful web services API
- All EVA data available regardless of the programming language
- Results provided as JSON objects: easily parsed by Python, R, JAVA, for example
- Web services for:
 - files, segments, studies, variants
 - full documentation at EVA website



EVA API

API

The general structure of a EVA RESTful web service URL is:

http://www.ebi.ac.uk/eva/webservices/rest/{version}/{category}/IDs/{resource}?{filters}

Where:

- * version: indicates the version of the API, this defines the available filters and JSON schema to be returned. Currently there is only version 'v1'.
- * category: this defines what objects we want to query. Currently there are five different categories: variants, segments, genes, files and studies.
- * resource: specifies the resource to be returned, therefore the JSON data model.
- * filters: each specific endpoint allows different filters.

RESTfull web services have been implemented using GET protocol since only queries are allowed so far. Several IDs can be concatenated using comma as separator. For more detailed information about the API and filters you can visit the project wiki and Swagger documentation.

Some example of queries include:

* To fetch all the variants in a segment region: http://www.ebi.ac.uk/eva/webservices/rest/v1/segments/11:128446-128446/variants?species=hsapiens_grch37

* To fetch all the info of a variant: http://www.ebi.ac.uk/eva/webservices/rest/v1/variants/rs666/info?species=hsapiens_grch37

* To fetch all the Short Genetics Variations studies: http://www.ebi.ac.uk/eva/webservices/rest/v1/meta/studies/all

* To fetch all the Structural Variations studies: http://www.ebi.ac.uk/eva/webservices/rest/v1/meta/studies/all?structural=true

* To fetch all info of a study: http://www.ebi.ac.uk/eva/webservices/rest/v1/studies/PRJEB4019/summary

* To fetch all file information of a study: http://www.ebi.ac.uk/eva/webservices/rest/v1/studies/PRJEB4019/files?species=hsapiens_grch37



F\/A AF



Home

Cristina Yenyxe Gonzalez Garcia edited this page on Mar 10 · 12 revisions

The European Variation Archive is an open-access database of all types of genetic variation data from all species. All users can download data from any study, or submit their own data to the archive.

Some of the submitted are not only archived, but also processed for future queries by study, gene, chromosomal location or dbSNP identifier, using two different mechanisms: the Variant Browser in our website (http://www.ebi.ac.uk/eva/?Variant%20Browser) or the REST web services API described below. The website also consumes these web services.

Archive	global	informa	ition
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Species

http://www.ebi.ac.uk/eva/webservices/rest/v1/meta/species/count

Returns the number of species that have been registered in the archive.

http://www.ebi.ac.uk/eva/webservices/rest/v1/meta/species/list

List the species registered in the archive that are or will be ready to load in the variant browser. If the argument "loaded=true" is provided, the results will be restricted to the species already loaded in the Variant Browser.

Studies

http://www.ebi.ac.uk/eva/webservices/rest/v1/meta/studies/count

▼ Pages ①	
Home	
+ Add a custom sidebar	
Clone this wiki locally	
https://github.com/EBIvaria	Ē
[↓] Clone in Desktop	



Other input

- Bug reports / feature requests welcome
- Contact:
 - E-mail: <u>eva-helpdesk@ebi.ac.uk</u>
 - Open ticket at github repo:
 - <u>https://github.com/EBIvariation/eva-web</u>
 - <u>https://github.com/EBIvariation/eva-ws</u>



Training Materials

European Variation Archive at EMBL-EBI: webinar





Training Materials

- European Variation Archive at EMBL-EBI: webinar
- EVA, programmatically: webinar



REST from manual searches

Introduction to EMBL-EBI resources

Introduction to programmatic access

Europe PMC, programmatically

Ensembl, programmatically

UniProt, programmatically



The European Variation Archive (EVA) is an open-access database of all types of genetic variation data from all species.

Using EVA, you can <u>download data</u> or <u>submit your own data</u> to the archive. You can also query variants in the EVA by study, gene, chromosomal location or variant consequence using our <u>variant browser</u>.

You can learn more about the EVA in our general introduction webinar. or via our Quick Tour



Training Materials

- European Variation Archive at EMBL-EBI: webinar
- EVA, programmatically: webinar
- EVA Quick Tour: ca.30 mins, basics of using EVA

Train online					
Training Train online About Train	online Glossary Support and feedback Login/register				
European Variation	Accessing variant data at the European Variation				
Archive: Quick tour	6				
What is the European Variation Archive?	Archive				
Browsing datasets archived at the European Variation Archive	The variation data housed at the EVA has been described and annotated in different ways. Importantly, we normalise a variant data and annotate this homogenous variant population with only one variant consequence predictor: Ensembl's variant Effect Predictor: Additionally, we calculate allele fragmencies in a standardized measure, and also group variant				
Accessing variant data at the European Variation Archive	Variant Effect Predictor. Additionally, we calculate allele frequencies in a standardized manner - and also group variants from samples that are from a particular population together, in order to calculate population allele frequency values.				
Submitting data to the European Variation Archive	You can read more about our variant normalisation and				
Get help and support on the European Variation Archive	processing steps here.				
	•*•				



Conclusion



European Variation Archive <u>www.ebi.ac.uk/eva</u>

- All types of variants, all species
- Administers long-term variant IDs
- Provides direct views of variant data
- Full API
- Completely free to use



Acknowledgments

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Ensembl Variation

Fiona Cunningham Sarah Hunt William McLaren Anja Thormann Laurent Gil

ENA team

Rasko Leinonen Marc Rosello Daniel Vaughan

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Ensembl Genomes Paul Kersey Dan Bolser Gareth Maslen Kevin Howe Funding EMBL wellcome EVENTH FRAMEWORK BD2K



General Qs / feedback

