



AgBioData SGV

# Standards for Genetic Variation

## Current status, challenges & future directions

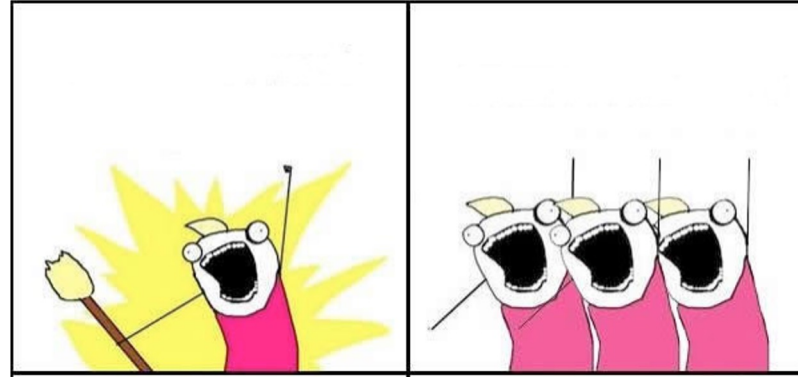
Marcela Karey Tello-Ruiz, PhD  
Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory

May 1-2, 2023

# Outline



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- Activities & outcomes
- Challenges
- Coming up with solutions...



AgBioData SGV

[https://www.agbiodata.org/working\\_groups/sgv](https://www.agbiodata.org/working_groups/sgv)



EMBL-EBI



SORGHUM  
BASE



**SoyBase**  
Integrating Genetics and Genomics  
to Advance Soybean Research



CartograPlant



April 13, 2023 meeting  
*New members always welcomed!*

AgBioData Workshop 2023





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# AgBioData SGV Working Group Goals

1. Identify practical challenges associated with sharing and reusing genetic variation (GV) datasets
2. Bring together a community of data providers, biocurators & computer scientists to promote interoperability and access to GV datasets
3. Support the harmonization and adoption of standards for GV data from various platforms in Plants & Animals

[https://www.agbiodata.org/working\\_groups/sgv](https://www.agbiodata.org/working_groups/sgv)

AgBioData Workshop 2023



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# Activities & Outcomes

- Monthly meetings
- Biocurators discussions
- Surveys
- AgBio GV data & resources webinar (8 short talks)
- Pilot biocuration of GV sets

=> Identified critical vs desirable information from germplasm biocurators

=> Identified practical challenges associated with sharing and reusing GV datasets

=> Progress towards the FAIRification of GV sets (pilot studies)



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# Biocurators meetings



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# EU-FONDUE recommendations data standards for plants

- FAIRification of Plant Genotyping Data (& linking it to Phenotyping)
- First guidelines on FAIR handling of GV data published in 2022
- Provide a checklist to classify and validate the data to support iits submission to EVA (and BioSamples)

F1000Research

Search

REVISED

## Recommendations for the formatting of Variant Call Format (VCF) files to make plant genotyping data FAIR [version 2; peer review: 2 approved]



✉ Sebastian Beier <sup>1,2</sup>, Anne Fiebig <sup>1</sup>, Cyril Pommier <sup>3</sup>, Isuru Liyanage <sup>4</sup>, Matthias Lange <sup>1</sup>, Paul J. Kersey<sup>5</sup>, Stephan Weise <sup>1</sup>, Richard Finkers <sup>6,7</sup>, Baron Koylass <sup>4</sup>, Timothee Cezard <sup>4</sup>, Mélanie Courtot <sup>4,8</sup>, Bruno Contreras-Moreira <sup>9</sup>, Guy Naamati<sup>4</sup>, Sarah Dyer<sup>4</sup>, Uwe Scholz <sup>1</sup>



# Summary of recommendations for plant metadata formatting

Table 1. Summary of recommendations for metadata formatting.

Metadata field	Definition	Format	Example	Cardinality
##fileDate	Creation date of the VCF file	Date (ISO 8601, YYYYMMDD)	##fileDate=20120921	1
##bioinformatics_source	Chains of bioinformatics tools for creating the VCF file	URL, DOI	##bioinformatics_source="doi.org/10.1038/s41588-018-0266-x"	1
##reference_ac	Accession number of reference genome assembly used in the VCF file	/[(GCA/GCF_(d)(9)\.(0-9)*]/	##reference_ac=GCA_902498975.1	1
##reference_url	URL of the reference genome assembly used in the VCF file	URL, DOI	##reference_url="ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genomes/all/GCA/902/498/975/GCA_902498975.1_Musca domestica L. chr1" or "doi.org/10.1038/s41588-018-0266-x"	1

##SAMPLE	Metadata about a single sample genotype that is part of the genotyping experiment in the VCF file	Composite (see below)	##SAMPLE=<ID=SAMEA104646767,DOI="doi.org/10.25642/IPK/GBIS/7811152">	1:N
	The primary identifier (BioSamples Database identifier) of the genotyping sample	/[(SAM)(E N D)(A G)(\d+)]/	ID=SAMEA104646767	1
	The DOI of the genotyping sample (if available)	URL, DOI	DOI="doi.org/10.25642/IPK/GBIS/7811152"	0-1
	The external identifiers under which this genotyping sample is registered in other databases (either 'FAO-WIEWS_instcode:genus:accession_number' or 'DNS:database_identifier:identifier_scheme:identifier')	See Definition	ext_ID="DEU146:Hordeum:HOR 1361 BRG" or ext_ID="ipk-gatersleben.de:GBIS:akzessionId:7811152"	0:N

##SAMPLE	Metadata about a single sample genotype that is part of the genotyping experiment in the VCF file	Composite (see below)	##SAMPLE=<ID=SAMEA104646767,DOI="doi.org/10.25642/IPK/GBIS/7811152">	1:N
	The primary identifier (BioSamples Database identifier) of the genotyping sample	/[(SAM)(E N D)(A G)(\d+)]/	ID=SAMEA104646767	1
	The DOI of the genotyping sample (if available)	URL, DOI	DOI="doi.org/10.25642/IPK/GBIS/7811152"	0-1
	The external identifiers under which this genotyping sample is registered in other databases (either 'FAO-WIEWS_instcode:genus:accession_number' or 'DNS:database_identifier:identifier_scheme:identifier')	See Definition	ext_ID="DEU146:Hordeum:HOR 1361 BRG" or ext_ID="ipk-gatersleben.de:GBIS:akzessionId:7811152"	0:N







# Outcomes from Biocurators meetings

## Additional Suggestions for Plant Samples Metadata associated with VCFs

Metadata field	Field Name	Definition	Format	Example	Cardinality
#SAMPLE		Metadata about a single sample genotype that is part of the genotyping experiment in the VCF file	Composite (see below)	#SAMPLE=ID=SAMN04168247. DOI=doi.org/10.18730/NBYG* ext_ID=grin-global.org:USA126:PI 276837*	1:N
	BioSample ID	Refers to a biological sample used as a 'reference' (e.g. to sequence its genome) or used in an assay database such as ENA, EVA, ArrayExpress. Always begin with SAM. The next letter is either E or N or D depending if the sample information was originally submitted to EMBL/EBI or NCBI or DDBJ, respectively. After that, there may be an A or a G to denote an Assay sample or a Group of samples. Finally, there is a numeric component that may or may not be zero-padded.	{(SAM E N D A G A G D G )}+	ID=SAMN04168247	1
	External identifiers	- Primary accession - <b>One mandatory external ID for plants.</b> Impractical to enter metadata for each biosample; easier to add as a metadata line in VCF. Impractical for huge data sets as this would significantly increase the size of the VCF file. --- Source of accession (Genebank Name, Original Collection (not in genebank), etc.) Examples: GRIN, (CRISAT, WEIWS code:Species code (PK), CNGB, GBIS, ORIGINAL COLLECTION --- Accession prefix. Examples: PI, IS, NSSL, GRIF, SOR, Collector ID --- Accession unique identifier or number. Example: six-digit PI number, five-digit IS number, four-digit following WEIWS species number, collector number - Secondary accession - Sample inventory if applicable. Example: CR02, CR03, OPL, Note: USDA germplasm repositories provide inventory accessions. - Other - Not necessary. Example: Population panel identifiers such as SAP-391, a member of the Sorghum Association Panel are not necessary and are well captured in germplasm registries like GRIN.  Identifiers under which this genotyping sample is registered in other databases (either PAO-WEIWS, intcode:genus:accession_number* or DNS.database_identifier:identifier_scheme:identifier')	ext_ID=registry:identifier	ext_ID=grin-global.org:USA126:PI 276837	1:N
	Study sample identifier	Identifies specific plant/genotype used, <b>when available.</b> This will usually be specific to an individual research project and not publicly available. However, the plant or DNA sample may be shared between researchers. Different plant numbers from the same lot. Example: SC103 and SC103-14E share the same PI533752 accession.			0-1
	DOI URL	DOI for the passport information of the genotyping sample.	URL_DOI	DOI=doi.org/10.18730/NBYG*	0-1

=> BioSamples entries:

- Require primary external identifier from major germplasm repository (e.g., GRIN, CGIAR, IPK, CNGB) with doi/url
- Recommend including inventory or local number & identifier for the specific plant/genotype used in the study



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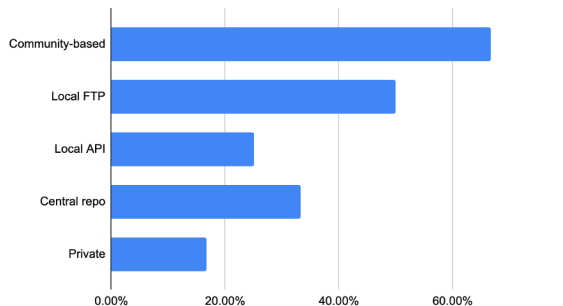
# Surveys

# AgBioData Survey - Jan. 2023 (14 responses)



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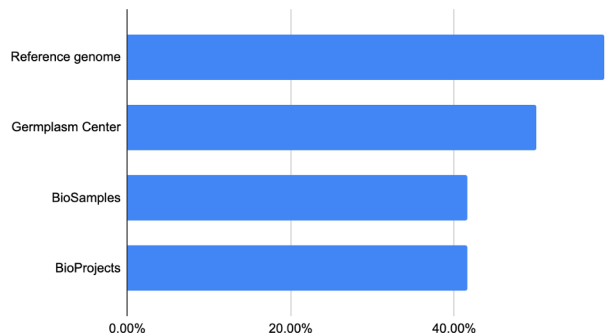
9. How do you share or plan to share your variation data?



Almost all datasets are publicly available but formats and methods for sharing are very diverse

Only 33% deposit to central database like EVA

10. Is the variation data linked to other accessioned data



Cross-linking to important metadata does not always happen

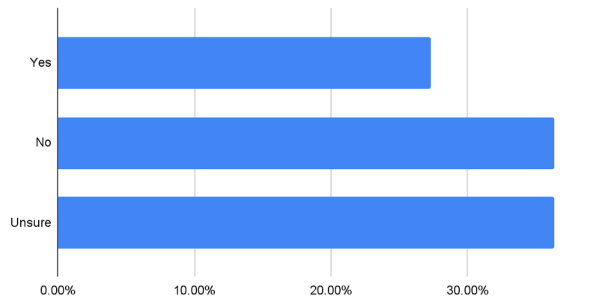
40% do not link to the reference genome

# AgBioData Survey - Jan. 2023 (14 responses)



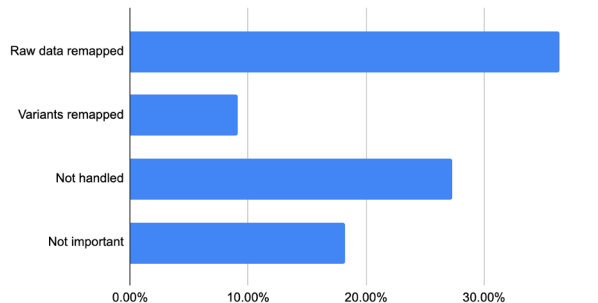
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14. Are there stable variant identifiers associated with the variation data you hold ?



Majority do not use stable variant identifiers (e.g., rsIDs)

13. If the reference genome changes, how do you handle the update ?



When new genome is available, about one in three respondents remaps the raw data

About half do not update the datasets



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# AgBio GV Webinar



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# AgBio Genetic Variation Webinar

Presentations from multiple resources:

1. [GDR](#) (CottonGen, GDV, CGD, PCD) - Sook Jung
2. [BreedBase](#) (SGN, Cassava/Yam/SweetPotatoBase, MusaBase) - Lukas Mueller
3. [MaizeGDB](#) - Carson Andorf by proxy
4. [NCGR Corvallis](#) - Nahla Bassil
5. [TreeGenes](#) - Emily Grau
6. [TAIR](#) - Tanya Berardini/Leonore Reiser
7. [InterMine](#) (MaizeMine, BGD, FAANGMine, Hymenoptera) - Chris Elsik by proxy
8. [Gramene / Ensembl Plants](#) & [SorghumBase](#) - Marcela K. Tello-Ruiz



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# AgBio Genetic Variation Webinar

## Outcomes:

- Identified GV datasets in a wide range of Ag species
- Sampled diversity in data submission, formatting, processing, display/analysis tools, interoperability & use cases (Ag bioinformatic resources)
- Recruited new members



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# Pilot studies



# Pilot projects based on readiness of the communities



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1. Species with high-quality reference assemblies in INSDC and GV data in AgBio community DBs
2. Species with high-quality reference assemblies & population variation data sets without resources to host large GV data sets
3. Species with high-quality reference assemblies that are developing new GV data sets



Species	Study	Reference assembly in INSDC	VCF available	Sample IDs with DOI/URL from major germplasm repo	VCF in EVA & BioSamples	Samples qualified for cross-linking to other DBs	Recommended action
sorghum	Boatwright et al (2022)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	SorghumBase coordinating with EVA & GRIN
sorghum	Cuevas et al (2019) Ahn et al (2021) Cuevas & Prom (2020) Cuevas et al (2018) Ahn et al (2019)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-
strawberry	Hardigan et al (2021)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Authors will need to submit assembly to INSDC
apple, peach, cherry, hazelnut, kiwi		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-
pear, cranberry, raspberry, blackberry		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Focus on pear. EVA coordinating with GDR
cranberry, raspberry, blackberry		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Authors will need to submit assembly to INSDC
poplar	Zhang et al (2019)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Ensembl Plants/Gramene updated assembly. EVA coordinates with CartograPlant /TreeGenes
grape	Dong et al (2023)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	PN40024 at ENA, not <i>V. sylvestris</i> (sequencing reads provided). Write to Journal. Gramene Vitis coordinates
maize	Grzybowski et al (2023)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Gramene Maize to coordinate with MaizeGDB



# Outcomes Summary

- Reviewed guidelines & proposed additional recommendations to support adoption
- Identified existing GV datasets, workflows & technical barriers for data exchange



# Challenges Revealed Through Biocuration

- Missing reference genome
- Reference genome not registered at INSDC
- Variation not readily available
  - Request from authors or private FTP
- Variation not in standardized format (VCF)
  - Non-standard format at community DB and no conversion method provided. Two resequencing studies:
    - i. “in addition to raw and filtered SNP files, we are releasing GATK GenomicsDB datastores... Making the GATK GenomicsDB datastores from this project publicly available will allow researchers to generate VCF files for the region of interest and calculate accurate values of nucleotide diversity for this region in their population.. VCFs deposited in USDA Box & linked from community DB”
    - ii. Domesticated genome in ENA; public WGR reads for wild genome (no VCF).
  - Precursor sequencing reads or array tabular output (.xls)



# Working towards solutions

- ❖ Assembly submissions to INSDC
  - Education & training (partnerships)
  - [Elixir cookbook recipe](#)
- ❖ Standard file format
  - Converter tools (e.g., excel => VCF)
- ❖ Data sharing
  - Minimum standards
  - File validation (community DBs effort)
  - Journals
  - Funding agencies
- ❖ BioSamples with germplasm IDs + sample doi/url
  - FAANG project extension
    - Experimental, metadata & bioinformatics standards
    - Reuse tools





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Thanks!

# Breakout Group Questions



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1. Sharing raw sequencing or array genotyping data is common practice but not standard variation files (e.g., VCF). How do we address the challenges of standardized formatting and sharing genotyping data?
2. How to incentivize submission of sequence assembly data to INSDC databases?
3. Strategies for encouraging better metadata submission (e.g., external germplasm IDs & doi/url)